The xepersian-hm package
Fixing kashida in xepersian
User Documentation

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Kashida feature in xepersian has problems with some fonts such as HM Series available at https://dma8hm1334.bitbucket.io and X Series 2 available at http://wiki.irmug.com/index.php/X_Series_2. The xepersian-hm package fixes these problems.

The files kashida-glyph-example.tex and kashida-hrule-example.tex in the directory texmf-dist/doc/xelatex/xepersian-hm/ can be used as simple examples of the usage of the package.

Please use the Bitbucket issue tracker: https://bitbucket.org/dma8hm1334/xepersian-hm/issues to report a bug, request a feature or if you have a comment.

I will do my best to fix all the bugs you report, but, unfortunately, time is a big hurdle to overcome; so, my apologies in advance for those which I cannot make time to fix.

1 Brief outline of the issues

Kashida is one of the most important features that must be included in any Persian typesetter. In xepersian this feature is implemented but with some problems. These problems along with the fixes in xepersian-hm are briefly:

P-I In xepersian overlapping of glyphs occurs in letter combinations such as ”ی + ﯽ”, ”ی + ﯽ”, and ”ی + ﯽ” because the character U+FEF0 (ARABIC LETTER Farsi YEH FINAL FORM) is replaced with another character. This is fixed by modifying the fixed part of the glue inserted between the consecutive characters. Furthermore, both, the fixed and the stretchable parts of the glue can be changed by the user.

P-II In letter combinations such as ”ی + ﯽ”, in xepersian, the character U+FEEB (ARABIC LETTER HEH INITIAL FORM) is replaced with U+06BE (ARABIC LETTER HEH DOACHASHMEE). This is fixed by

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inserting the character U+200E before the combination "U+200D + \hrule + U+200D" which is used as stretching item.

P-III In xepersian when outline or shadow fonts are used, the gaps filled by horizontal rule appears as a solid box. This is fixed by using the kashida glyph instead of the horizontal rule in xepersian-hm.

P-IV If italic or oblique style of some fonts such as X Series 2 is used in xepersian, an extra gap is left between the stretched characters. This is fixed in HM Series fonts.

For comparing the outputs of xepersian and xepersian-hm with a variety of options available to these packages, please see the Figure 1, Figure 2, and Figure 3.

2 Package loading and options

Please note that xepersian-hm loads xepersian automatically, so you may only pass options to the package using the command \PassOptionsToPackage before \documentclass. For example:

\PassOptionsToPackage{debugfootnotedirection=off,localise=off}{xepersian}
\documentclass{report}
\usepackage{xcolor}
\usepackage[Kashida,kashidastretch=0.14 em plus 0.5 em]{xepersian-hm}

The options available in xepersian-hm are:

- Kashida:
  which implements kashida feature with two possible values:
  - glyph:
    which uses the Kashida character to stretch the text. With this option you should run xelatex thrice. For example:

    rm -f kashida-example.aux
    xelatex kashida-example.tex
    xelatex kashida-example.tex
    xelatex kashida-example.tex

    Please note that this feature is still experimental and is not regarded as stable. If you are going to use this option be ready for unpredictable results. Note that the value of Kashida is mandatory.
  - hrule:
    which uses a horizontal rule (\hrule) to stretch the text.

For example Kashida=glyph inserts a stretched Kashida glyph where ever it is needed.
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Figure 1: Package: xepersian, Font: XB Kayhan, Scale=4.5, Kashida=0n
شهماره‌ی یکی، بی‌سی و جایی راهی

Figure 2: Package: xepersian-hm, Font: HM XKayhan, Scale=4.5, Kashida=hrule
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Figure 3: Package: xeprsiан-hm, Font: HM XKayhan, Scale=4.5, Kashida=glyph
• **linebreakpenalty:**
  which specifies the amount of penalty for preventing bad line-breaking. You may strictly specify the value of this option. For example `'linebreakpenalty=8'` or you may use the default values. The available default values of penalties which are put into the horizontal list output are the negative of the followings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Penalties</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>min</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>low</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>high</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>max</td>
<td>10000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• **kashidastretch:**
  which specifies the amount of extra stretching for some combinations of characters. You may strictly specify the value of this option. For example `'kashidastretch=0.14 em plus 0.5 em'` or you may use the default values. The available default values are:

- kayhan: 0.14 em plus 0.5 em
- khorramshahr: 0.131 em plus 0.5 em
- kayhannavaar: 0.129 em plus 0.5 em
- kayhanpook: 0.133 em plus 0.5 em
- kayhansayeh: 0.135 em plus 0.5 em
- khoramshahr: 0.128 em plus 0.5 em
- khorramshahr: 0.13 em plus 0.5 em
- niloofar: 0.132 em plus 0.5 em
- paatch: 0.127 em plus 0.5 em
- riyaz: 0.125 em plus 0.5 em
- roya: 0.142 em plus 0.5 em
- shafigh: 0.143 em plus 0.5 em
- shafighKurd: 0.126 em plus 0.5 em
- shafighUzbek: 0.123 em plus 0.5 em
- shiraz: 0.122 em plus 0.5 em
- sols: 0.124 em plus 0.5 em
- tabriz: 0.119 em plus 0.5 em
- titre: 0.12 em plus 0.5 em
- titre: 0.121 em plus 0.5 em
- traffic: 0.124 em plus 0.5 em
- vahid: 0.134 em plus 0.5 em
- vosta: 0.136 em plus 0.5 em
- yaghut: 0.138 em plus 0.5 em
- yagut: 0.137 em plus 0.5 em
- yas: 0.126 em plus 0.5 em
- yekan: 0.141 em plus 0.5 em
- yermook: 0.139 em plus 0.5 em
F or example: 'kashidastretch=titr' is equivalent to 'kashidastretch=0.12 em plus 0.5 em'

3 Commands

\discouragebadlinebreaks[linebreakpenalty][kashidastretch]{text}:

text may not contain paragraph breaks. This command puts a penalty after each Persian word. The optional arguments linebreakpenalty and kashidastretch locally specify the value of the penalty and the amount of extra stretching for some combinations of characters respectively as discussed previously. For example:

\discouragebadlinebreaks[9][0.12 em plus 0.5 em]{...}

4 Important notes

Kashida and ligatures:

The method used to implement kashida feature breaks a ligature if it is applied to the letters which are joined to form the ligature.