psbao
Typesetting Bao Diagrams with PStricks
version 1.0

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Introduction

This package provides functionality to typeset Bao diagrams in \LaTeX\ 2ε. It has been created using the Go package written by Víctor Bos (September 4, 2008) as basis and it is built on top of the PSTricks package.

To all the people who have never played bao I suggest to visit http://www.kibao.org.

Download and installation

The psbao package can be found at CTAN (mirrors) in the directory graphics/pstricks/contrib/psbao/.

To install the package, download the files psbao.sty and psbaomanual.tex and put them in a directory where \LaTeX\ can find them. After that, test the installation by running \LaTeX\ on psbaomanual.tex.

Note that psbao uses pstricks to draw graphics. Therefore, the same things that apply to viewing and printing documents with pstricks graphics also apply to documents with psbao graphics. In particular, it is usually better to use a PostScript viewer (e.g., gv or gsview) instead of a DVI viewer (like xdvi or yap).

Bao boards

The interface of psbao is based on the notation used in http://www.swahili.it/bao/. That is, the rows of the 4 × 8 board are indexed by 1, 2, . . . , 8 and the columns are indexed by b, a, A, B.

First of all it must be set the initial position of a Bao game. For the standard initial setting is used the command \initbao, but the board is showed by the environment \begin{showbaoboard} . . . \end{showbaoboard} (Figure 1):

Code: \begin{verbatim}
\initbao
\begin{figure}
\begin{center}
\begin{showbaoboard}
\caption{...}
\label{fig:...}
\end{showbaoboard}
\end{center}
\end{figure}
\end{verbatim}

Prints:

\begin{figure}
\centering
\begin{showbaoboard}
\caption{...}
\label{fig:...}
\end{showbaoboard}
\end{figure}

Figure 1: Setting up the standard initial situation: default size 0.6cm

For the initial setting of the beginner’s variant Bao la kujifunza is used the command \initjbao (Figure 2):

The default horizontal unit distance is 0.6cm. The vertical unit distance is computed by the psbao package. To re-size a Bao board, the command
The command to put seeds into the holes is `\weka` which takes three parameters: the number of seeds, the row and the column of the hole. For example, \weka{2}{a}{4} puts two seeds into the hole at position (a, 4). The \weka command can be used to modify a previous situation. For instance, the situation of Figure 4 is defined as follows.

The same situation can be set by \initbao which takes one optional parameter to indicate the number of seeds contained in all holes (Figure 5).

To put seeds into the stores is used the same command: \weka. In this case instead of index of the row can be used the letters s or S for the south store, and the letters n or N. For example, \weka{2}{s}{4} puts two seeds into the store of South. The third parameter must be any number.
The command: `\weka` keeps the previous situation, so if it is necessary to set a completely new situation it must be used the command `\initbao`. 
Move directions

To indicate the direction of move it is possible to use the command `\markpos`, which takes three parameters: the direction marker, the column, and the row. For example, the move a3< is shown on the diagram by `\markpos{marksx}{a}{3}` and A3> is shown on the diagram by `\markpos{markdx}{A}{3}:

Code: \begin{showbaoboard} \markpos{marksx}{a}{3} \end{showbaoboard}

Prints:

Figure 7: The move a3<

Code: \begin{showbaoboard} \markpos{markdx}{A}{3} \end{showbaoboard}

Prints:

Figure 8: The move A3>

Markers

A hole on the board can be marked with the command `\markpos`. This command takes three parameters: the marker, the column, and the row. Available markers and the commands to generate them are listed in Table 1.

Note that to mark a non-empty hole the command `\weka` has to be used together with marker command, `\markpos`.

Note, also, that the special holes (as *kichwa* or *kimbi*) can be used the marks `\markdd` or `\markss`, indifferently (but consistently!). Those commands must be inside the environment `\begin{showboard} dots \end{showboard}`.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diagram</th>
<th>Mark</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Command</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash marksx}</td>
<td>a2&lt;</td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markpos{\textbackslash marksx}{a}{2}}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markdx}</td>
<td>A3&gt;</td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markpos{\textbackslash markdx}{A}{3}}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markss}</td>
<td>Special hole</td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markpos{\textbackslash markss}{a}{2}}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markdd}</td>
<td>Special hole</td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markpos{\textbackslash markdd}{A}{1}}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markma}</td>
<td>Any nr of seeds</td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markpos{\textbackslash markma}{A}{5}}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markmt}</td>
<td>A capture (mtaji)</td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash markpos{\textbackslash markmt}{a}{2}}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash baoarrow}</td>
<td>End of a sowing</td>
<td>\texttt{\textbackslash baoarrow{B}{4}}</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Markers on holes