



Its invention is usually
given to Galileo, who was
the first to describe it and
exhibit it in a complete
form (May, 1609). To
Kepler we owe the
discovery of the principle
of the astronomical
telescope, two convex
lenses with two convex
lenses. This idea was
daily employed in a
telescope constructed by
father Scheiner (Rosa
Ursina, 1630).